February 6, 2018

Practice Exam 1

No calculators. Show your work. Clearly mark each answer.

1. (20 points) Consider the autonomous differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y(y-3)^2(y-5).$$

- (a) Compute the equilibrium solutions.
- (b) Sketch the phase line and classify the equilibria as sinks, sources, or nodes.
- (c) Describe the long term behavior of the solution to the above differential equation with initial condition y(0) = 4 and y(0) = 1.
- 2. (20 points)



Consider the autonomous differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = f(y),$$

with the graph of f(y) on the right. Sketch the phase line and classify the equilibria as sinks, sources, or nodes.

3. (20 points) Consider the equation.

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 2y(t^2 + 1).$$

- (a) Find the general solution of the above equation
- (b) Using the Euler method approximate y(1) with initial condition y(0) = 1 and the time step $\Delta t = 0.5$.
- 4. (20 points) Consider the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = yt^{\frac{2}{5}}.$$

- (a) Compute the general solution to the above differential equation.
- (b) Is there a unique solution y(t) to the above differential equation such that y(0) = 0? Why or why not?

- (c) Is there a unique solution y(t) to the above differential equation such that y(0) = 1? Why or why not?
- 5. (20 points) A 400-gallon tank initially contains 1 pound of sugar. Suppose water containing 0.5 pounds of sugar per gallon flows into the top of the tank at a rate of 2 gallons per minute. The water in the tank is kept well mixed and well-mixed solution leaves the bottom of the tank at the same rate, 2 gallons per minute. How much sugar will be in the tank after 10 minutes? What does the concentration approach in the long run?