Practice Final Exam

No calculators. Show your work. Clearly mark each answer.

- 1. State the domain, range and possible symmetries of the following functions:
 - (a) $\sqrt{x^2 + 1}$ (b) $\sqrt{x + 1}$

(c)
$$\frac{x+1}{x-1}$$

2. Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of the following functions:

(a)
(b)

$$\frac{x+1}{x-1}$$

3. Find the equation of the tangent line at point (2,0) for $e^y + x^2 = 5$.

- 4. Find the linear approximation of $\sin(x)$ at point $\pi/4$.
- 5. Evaluate the following limits:

(a)

(b)

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{3x}{\sin\left(4x\right)}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2}{3x^2 - 4x + 5}$$

 $\lim_{x \to 0^+} x^x$

(c)

- 6. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum of the function $f(x) = x^3 x + 1$ on the interval [0, 1].
- 7. The Riemann sum for a function f(x) on the interval [a, b] for an arbitrary n is

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} f(\bar{x}_k) \Delta x,$$

where $\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$. For the left Riemann sum

$$\bar{x}_k = a + (k-1)\Delta x$$

and for the right Riemann sum

$$\bar{x}_k = a + k\Delta x.$$

Write the left and right Riemann sums for the function $f(x) = \frac{4}{x}$ on the interval [2, 4] for n = 4. What can you say about $\int_2^4 f(x) dx$?

8. Using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus find the following derivatives:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{1}^{x} t^{2} dt$$
$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{x^{2}}^{2} t^{2} dt$$

9. Find the following antiderivatives:

(a)
$$\int (x^2 - 1)dx$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{2x^2 + 1} dx$$

hint:
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2+1} dx = \tan^{-1} x + C$$
 (c)

$$\int (x^2 + 2)^2 dx$$

10. Using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus compute the following integrals:

(a)

(a)

(b)

(b)

$$\int_{1}^{2} x^{3} dx$$

(b)

$$\int_0^{e-1} \frac{dx}{x+1} dx$$