## SARAH GLAZ

## Plimpton 322

I dreamed of being a Babylonian clay tablet, brittle with age and broken in fragments, the lovely patina of time rubbed away by foreign hands in a harsh climate. Who will illuminate the ancient script imprinted in my core, decode the pain ingrained in every atom of disintegrating clay, make use of my four columns of numbers again?



*Note*: The most famous Babylonian clay tablet, Plimpton 322 (circa 1800 BCE) was decoded by Neugebauer and Sachs in 1945. The text involves a table with four columns of numbers, which after careful scrutiny turned out to yield fifteen Pythagorean triples, the largest being: 12709, 13500, 18541. The original tablet is housed at Columbia University in New York City.

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