MATH 3630
Actuarial Mathematics I
Class Test 1 - 3:35-4:50 PM
Wednesday, 15 November 2017
Time Allowed: 1 hour and 15 minutes
Total Marks: 100 points
Please write your name and student number at the spaces provided:

Name: $\qquad$ Student ID:

- There are ten (10) written-answer questions here and you are to answer all ten. Each question is worth 10 points.
- Please provide details of your workings in the appropriate spaces provided; partial points will be granted.
- Please write legibly.
- Anyone caught cheating will be subject to university's disciplinary action.

Question No. 1:
You are given:

- $Z$ is the present value random variable at issue for an 25 -year pure endowment of 10 on ( $x$ ).
- ${ }_{25} p_{x}=0.60$
- $\operatorname{Var}[Z]=1.6 \mathrm{E}[Z]$

Calculate the annual effective interest rate.

## Question No. 2:

Based on the same mortality and interest assumptions, you are given:

- $i=0.04$
- $\ddot{a}_{65}^{(2)}=7.7266$ using the Woolhouse's approximation with three terms.
- $\ddot{a}_{65}^{(12)}=7.5165$ using the Woolhouse's approximation with three terms.

Calculate $\ddot{a}_{65}^{(4)}$ using the Woolhouse's approximation with three terms.

## Question No. 3:

Ron is age 65 and just newly retired. He has a total personal savings of 150,000 .

He wants guaranteed income while alive. In exchange for a single payment of 150,000, an insurance company promised him an annual payment (at the beginning of each year) of 13,300 with:

- the first 10 payments guaranteed, whether he is alive or not, and
- the subsequent payments made provided he is alive.

You are given:

- $i=0.05$
- $\ddot{a}_{65}=10.263$
- $\ddot{a}_{75}=7.448$

Calculate $\ddot{a}_{65: \overline{10}}$

## Question No. 4:

For a group of 200 lives, each age 65, with independent future lifetimes, you are given:

- Each life is to be paid 2 per month at the beginning of each month, if alive.
- To fund these payments, each life will contribute an amount of $c$ to a fund to support these payments. This contribution is to be made immediately today and only once.
- $Y$ is the present value random variable today of total annuity payments to the 200 lives.
- $i^{(12)}=0.09$
- $A_{65}^{(12)}=0.1814$
- ${ }^{2} A_{65}^{(12)}=0.0624$
- The $95^{\text {th }}$ percentile of a standard normal distribution is 1.645 .

Using the normal approximation, calculate $c$ such that $\operatorname{Pr}[200 c>Y]=0.95$.

## Question No. 5:

For a whole life insurance on (40) with varying benefits, you are given:

- Death benefits are payable at the end of the year of death.
- The benefit amount is:
(i) 50 in the first 10 years of death,
(ii) increasing to 100 for the following 15 years, but (iii) decreasing to 75 after that until death.
- Mortality follows the Illustrative Life Table.
- $i=0.06$

Calculate the actuarial present value for this insurance.

## Question No. 6:

For a special whole life insurance of 1 issued to (30) with benefits payable at the end of the year of death, you are given:

- Mortality follows the Illustrative Life Table except for:
- ages between 45 and 55 where mortality has a constant force of 0.005 .
- $i=0.06$
- $Z$ is the present value random variable for this insurance.

Calculate $\operatorname{Var}[Z]$.

## Question No. 7:

You are given:

- The following select-and-ultimate mortality table with a 3-year select period:

| $[x]$ | $\ell_{[x]}$ | $\ell_{[x]+1}$ | $\ell_{[x]+2}$ | $\ell_{x+3}$ | $\mathrm{x}+3$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 | 987 | 980 | 973 | 966 | 58 |
| 56 | 978 | 993 | 966 | 959 | 59 |
| 57 | 971 | 965 | 958 | 950 | 60 |

- Deaths are uniformly distributed between integral ages.
- $i=0.05$
- $1000 A_{[55]+2.5}=518$

Calculate $1000{ }_{2.5 \mid} A_{[55]}$.

## Question No. 8:

You are given:

- Mortality follows the Illustrative Life Table.
- $i=0.05$
- $Y$ is the present value random variable for a 3 -year temporary life annuity-immediate of 1 per year on (65).

Calculate $\operatorname{Var}[Y]$.

## Question No. 9:

For the country of Zooturn, you are given:

- Zooturn publishes mortality rates in 3-year intervals, that is mortality rates are of the form: ${ }_{3} q_{3 x}$, for $x=0,1,2, \ldots$
- Deaths are assumed to be uniformly distributed between ages $3 x$ and $3 x+3$, for $x=$ $0,1,2, \ldots$
- ${ }_{3} q_{48}=0.02$
- ${ }_{3} q_{51}=0.05$
- ${ }_{3} q_{54}=0.09$

Calculate the probability that a person in Zooturn now age 50 will die the next 3.5 years.

Question No. 10:
For a whole life annuity-due of 2 payable at the beginning of each year on (50), you are given:

- Mortality follows the Illustrative Life Table.
- $i=0.05$
- $Y$ is the present value random variable for this annuity.

Calculate the probability that $Y$ exceeds 13.5 .

EXTRA PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL OR SCRATCH WORK

