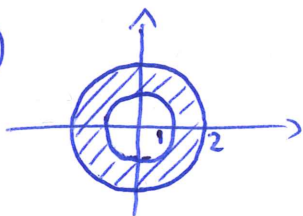


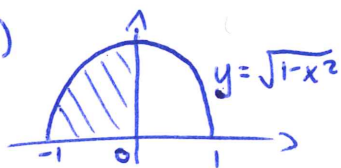
## Double Integrals in Polar Coordinates

1)



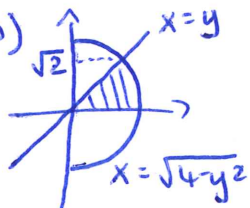
$$\begin{aligned}
 \iint_D xy \, dA &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_1^2 r^3 \cos \theta \sin \theta \, dr \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[ \frac{1}{4} r^4 \cos \theta \sin \theta \right]_1^2 \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{15}{4} \cos \theta \sin \theta \, d\theta \quad \text{let } \underline{u = \sin \theta} \\
 &= \int_0^1 \frac{15}{4} u \, du \\
 &= \left[ \frac{15}{8} u^2 \right]_0^1 = \underline{\underline{\frac{15}{8}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

2) (a)



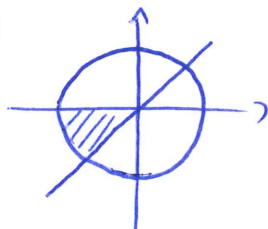
$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \int_0^1 8r^5 \cos^3 \theta \sin \theta \, dr \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left[ \frac{4}{3} r^6 \cos^3 \theta \sin \theta \right]_0^1 \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \frac{4}{3} \cos^3 \theta \sin \theta \, d\theta \quad \text{let } \underline{u = \cos \theta} \\
 &= \int_0^{-1} -\frac{4}{3} u^3 \, du \\
 &= \left[ -\frac{1}{3} u^4 \right]_0^{-1} = \underline{\underline{-\frac{1}{3}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b)



$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \int_0^2 r e^{r^2} \, dr \, d\theta \quad \text{let } \underline{u = r^2} \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \int_0^4 \frac{1}{2} e^u \, du \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \left[ \frac{1}{2} e^u \right]_0^4 \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1}{2} e^4 - \frac{1}{2} e \, d\theta \\
 &= \underline{\underline{\frac{\pi}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} e^4 - \frac{1}{2} e \right)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3) (a)



$$(b) \int_{\pi}^{\frac{5\pi}{4}} \int_0^4 \frac{3r^3 \cos^2 \theta}{r \sin \theta} dr d\theta$$

4) (a)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 r^2 \cos \theta - r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta$

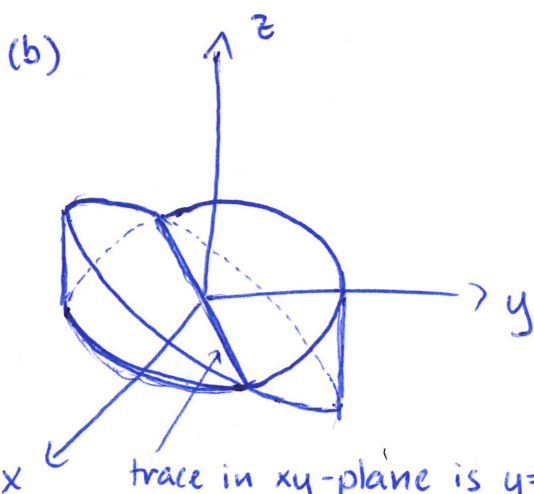
$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left[ \frac{1}{3} r^3 \cos \theta - \frac{1}{3} r^3 \sin \theta \right]_0^2 d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{8}{3} \cos \theta - \frac{8}{3} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$= \left[ \frac{8}{3} \sin \theta + \frac{8}{3} \cos \theta \right]_0^{2\pi}$$

$$= (0 + \frac{8}{3}) - (0 + \frac{8}{3}) = \underline{\underline{0}}$$

Not the volume,  
positive and negative  
parts are equal



trace in xy-plane is  $y=x$   
(switches between positive/negative)

$$V = 2 \int_{-\frac{3\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \int_0^2 r^2 \cos \theta - r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta$$

$$= 2 \int_{-\frac{3\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \left[ \frac{1}{3} r^3 \cos \theta - \frac{1}{3} r^3 \sin \theta \right]_0^2 d\theta$$

$$= 2 \int_{-\frac{3\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{8}{3} \cos \theta - \frac{8}{3} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$= 2 \left[ \frac{8}{3} \sin \theta + \frac{8}{3} \cos \theta \right]_{-\frac{3\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2 \left[ \left( \frac{8}{3\sqrt{2}} + \frac{8}{3\sqrt{2}} \right) - \left( -\frac{8}{3\sqrt{2}} - \frac{8}{3\sqrt{2}} \right) \right]}}$$